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Torino 27-29 Novembre 2013

L'osso e altri sistemi: Il metabolismo energetico

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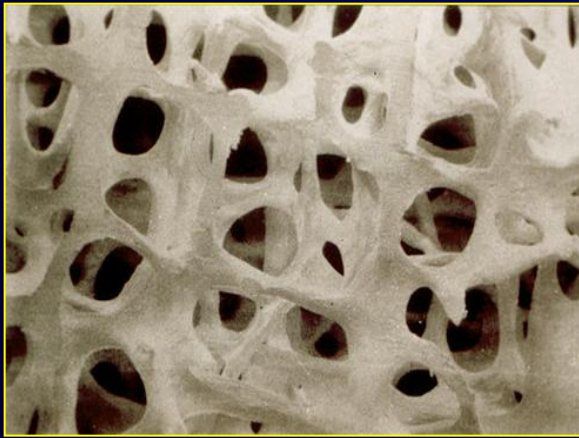


Age-Related Changes in the Endocrine System

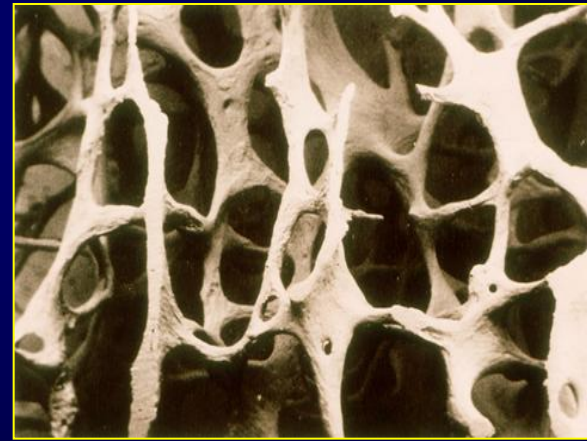
- In most glands there is some atrophy & decreased secretion with age, but the clinical implications of this are not fully known.
- What may be different is hormonal action.

Osteoporosis

Osteoporosis is a skeletal disorder characterized by compromised bone strength which predisposes an individual to an increased risk of fracture. Bone strength reflects the integration between bone **density** e **quality**.

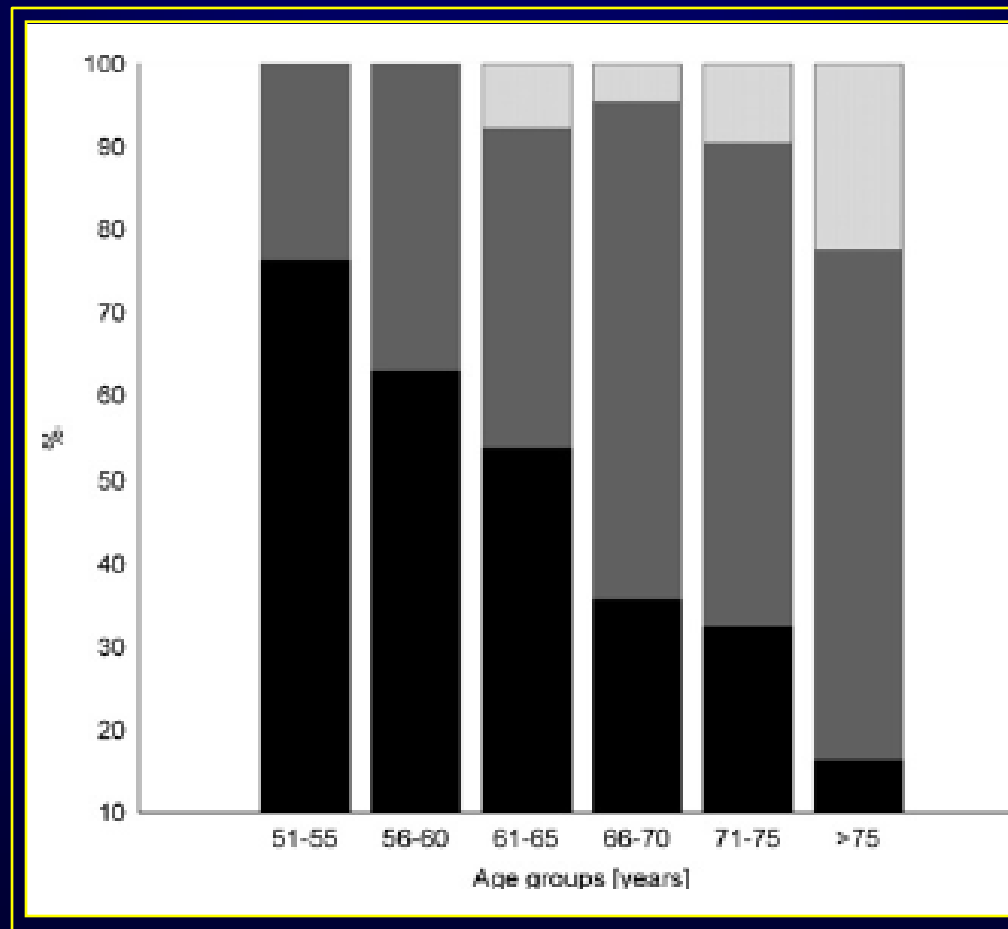


Normal bone



Osteoporotic bone

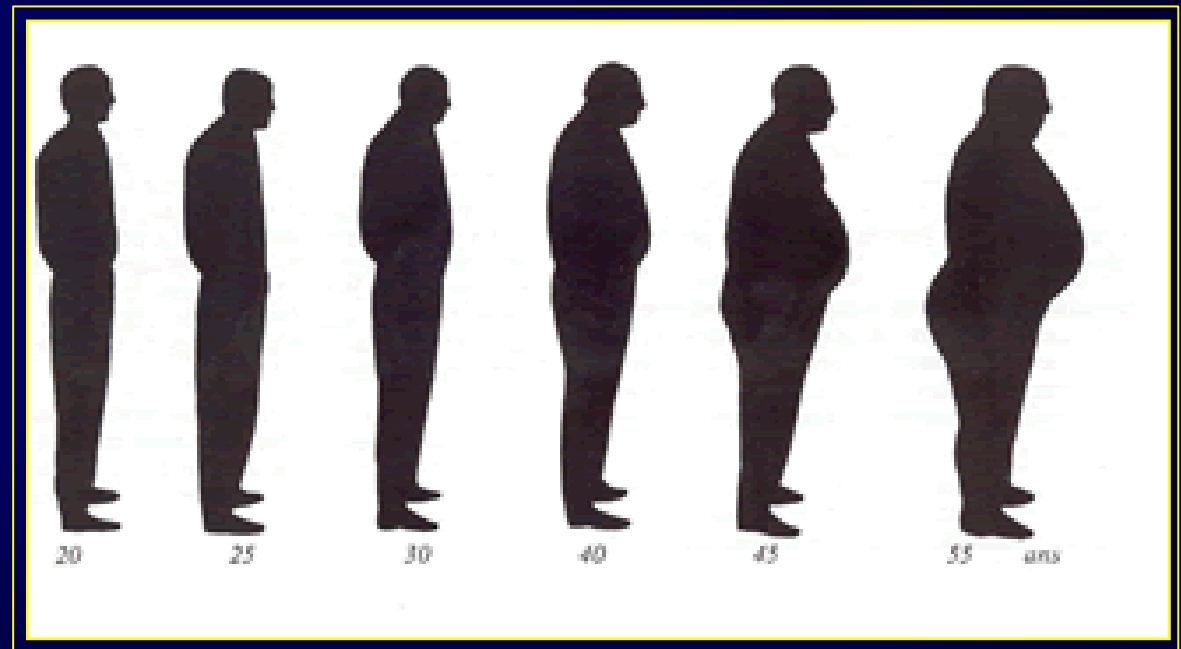
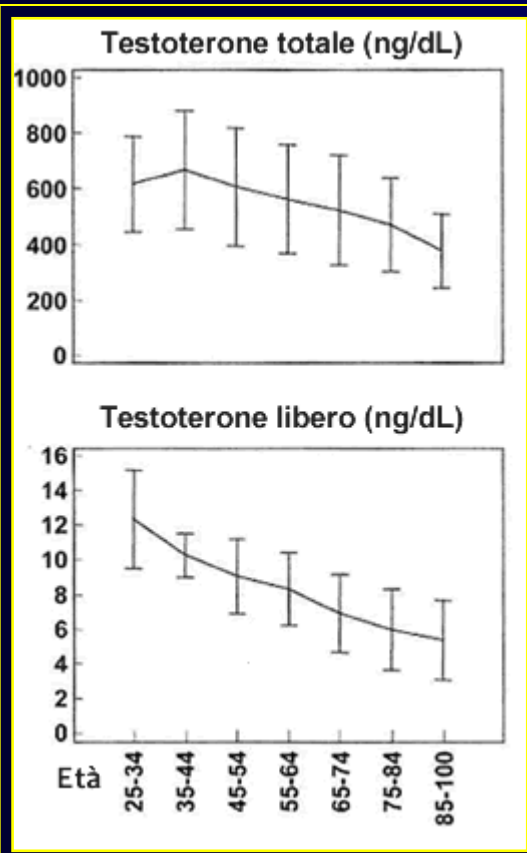
Presence of BMD alteration in ageing population



Modificazioni Scheletriche

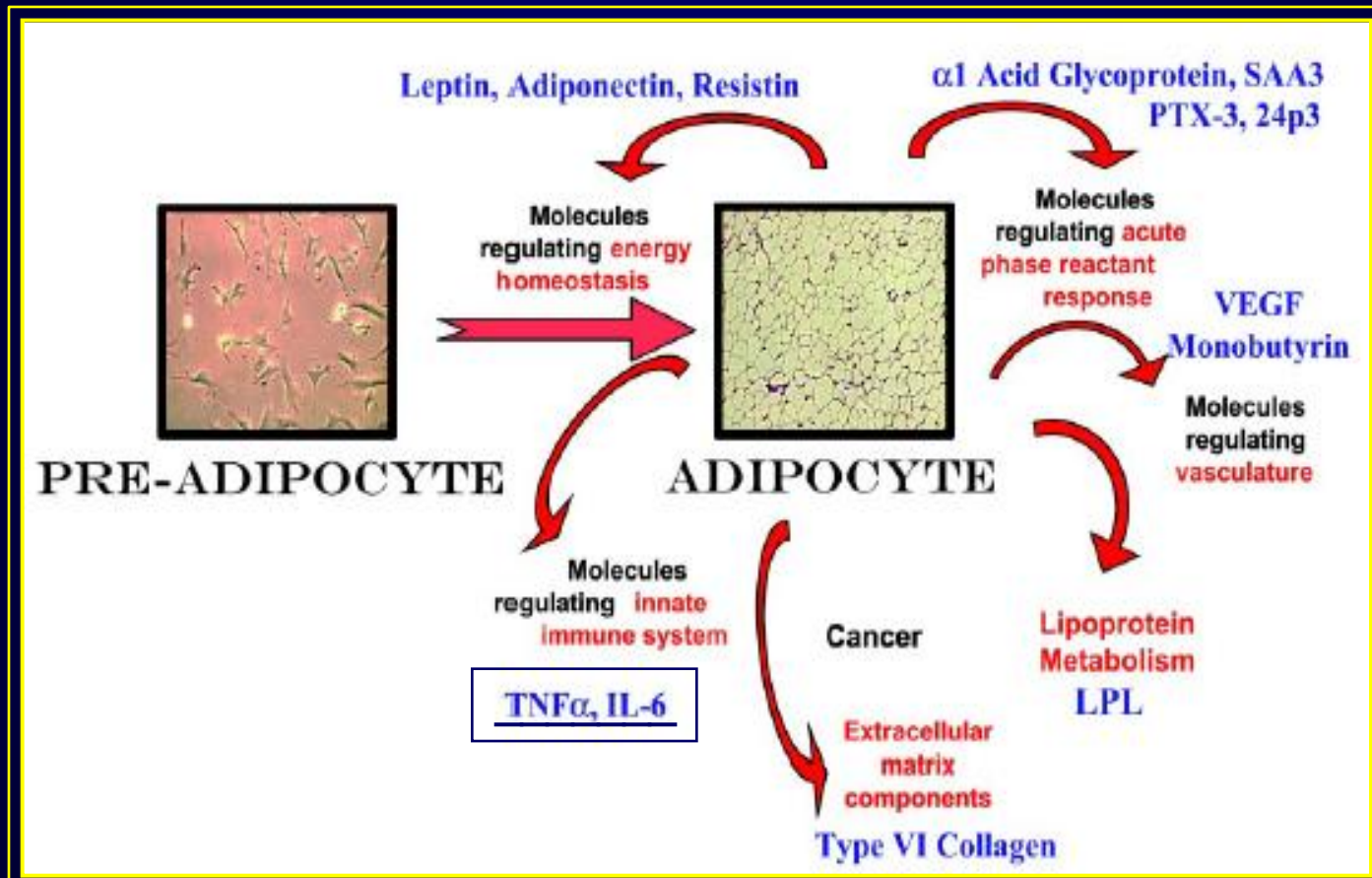


Invecchiamento, modificazioni ormonali e cambiamento composizione corporea

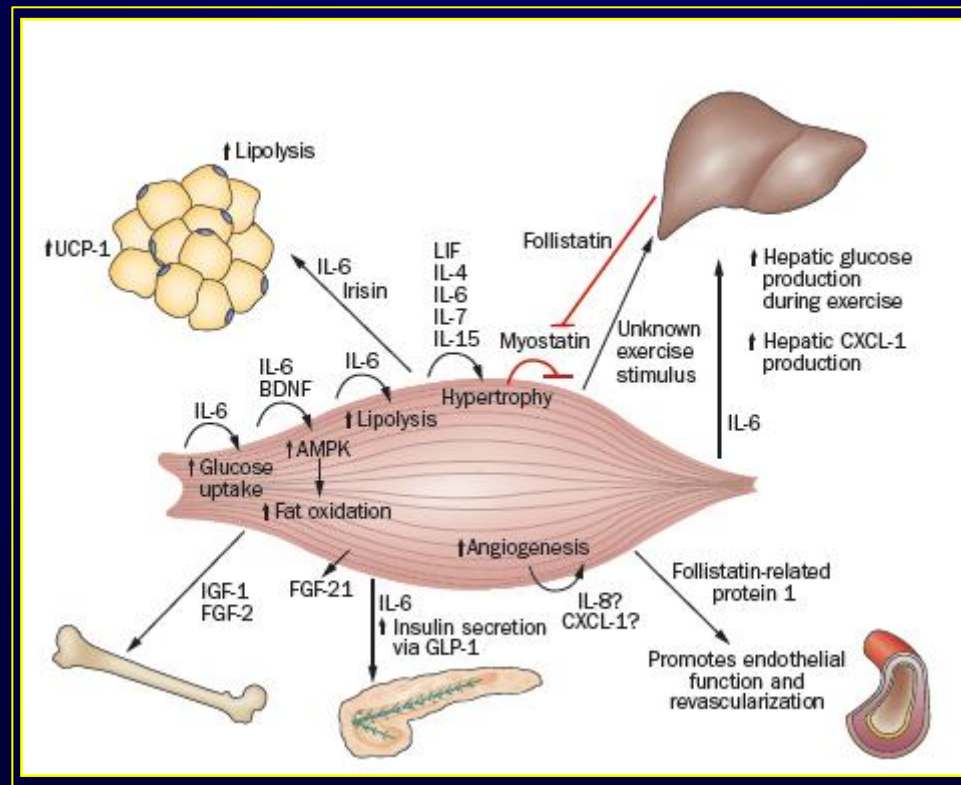




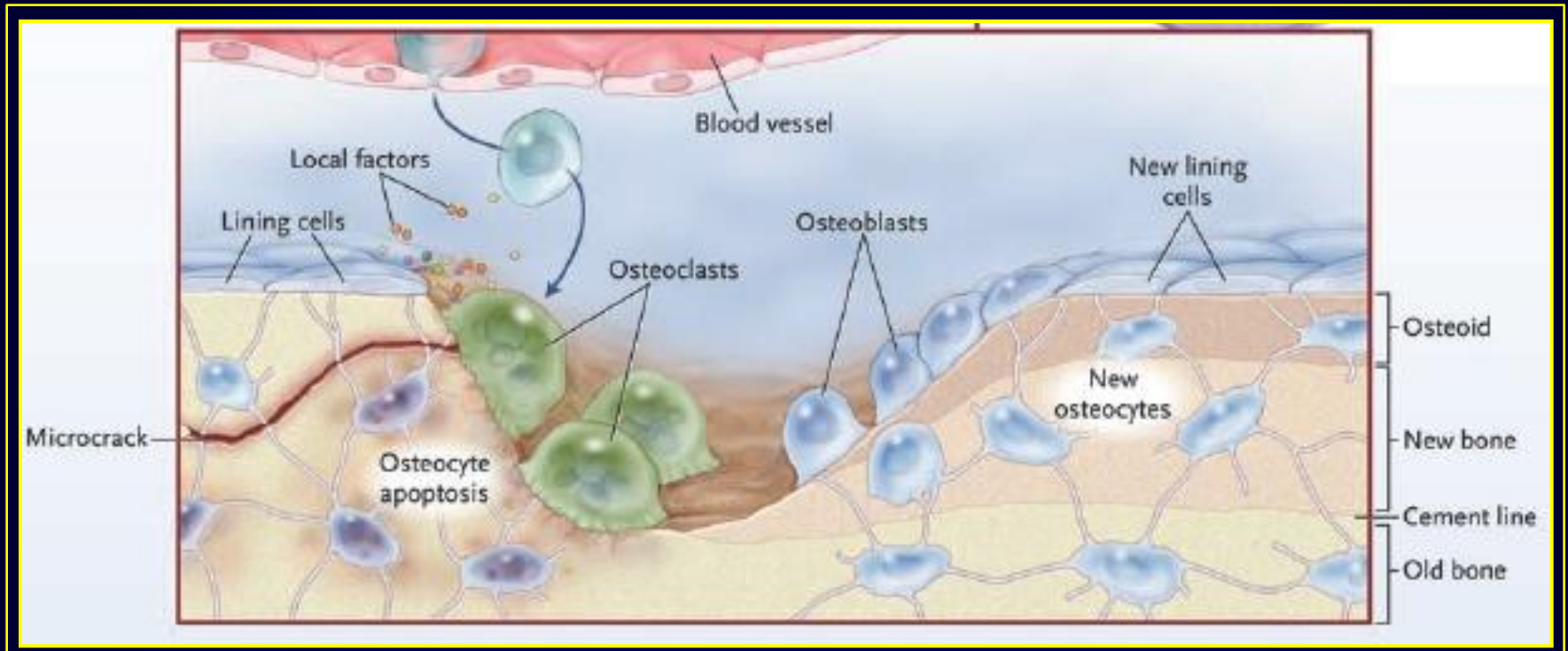
Adipose tissue as an endocrine organ



Skeletal Muscle as an endocrine organ modulating activity of different tissues



BONE REMODELING and SKELETAL HEALTH



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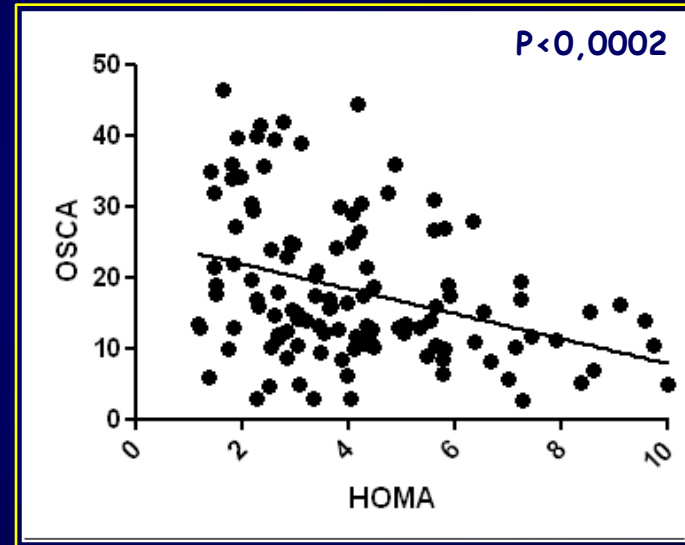
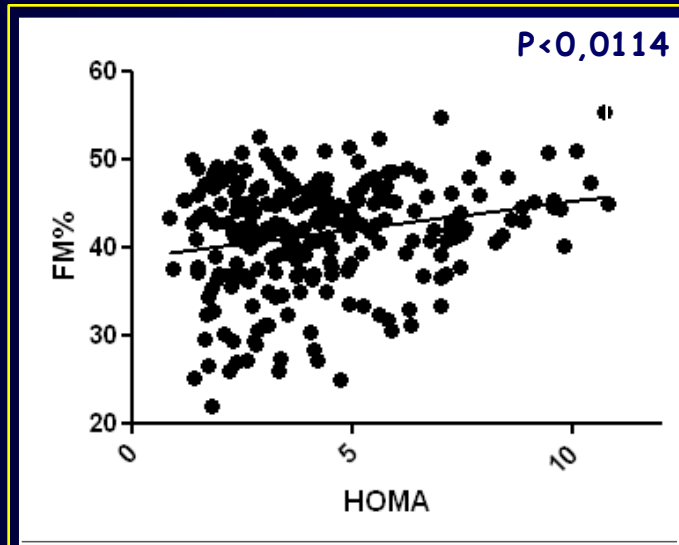
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REVIEW

Energy metabolism and the skeleton: Reciprocal interplay

Patrizia D'Amelio, Anna Panico, Elena Spertino, Giovanni Carlo Isaia

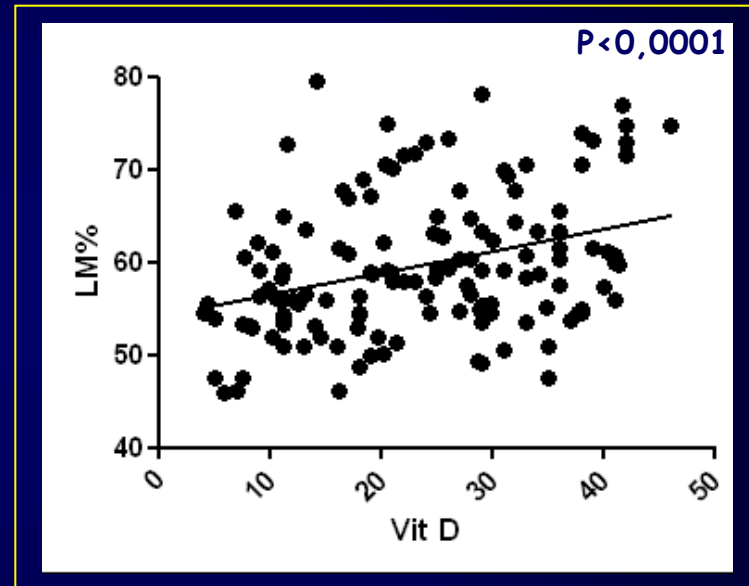
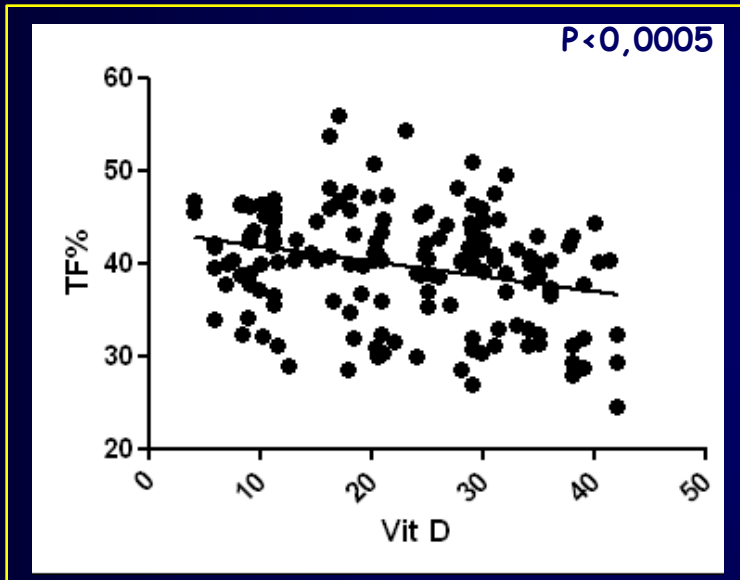
Obesity & HOMA



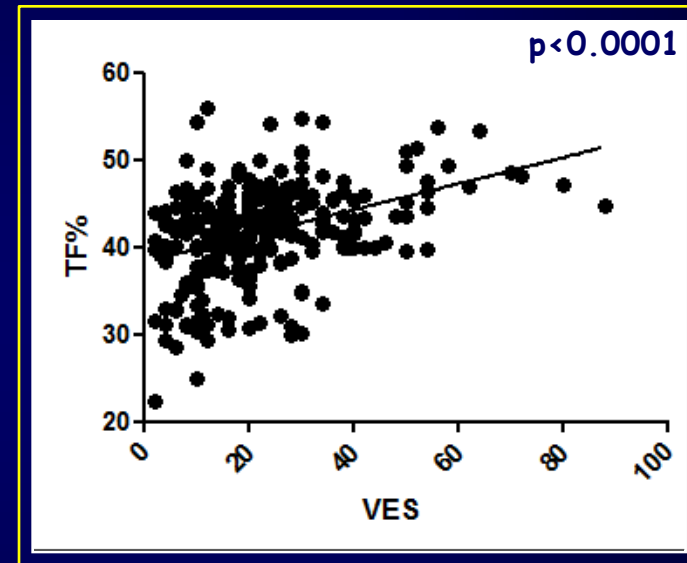
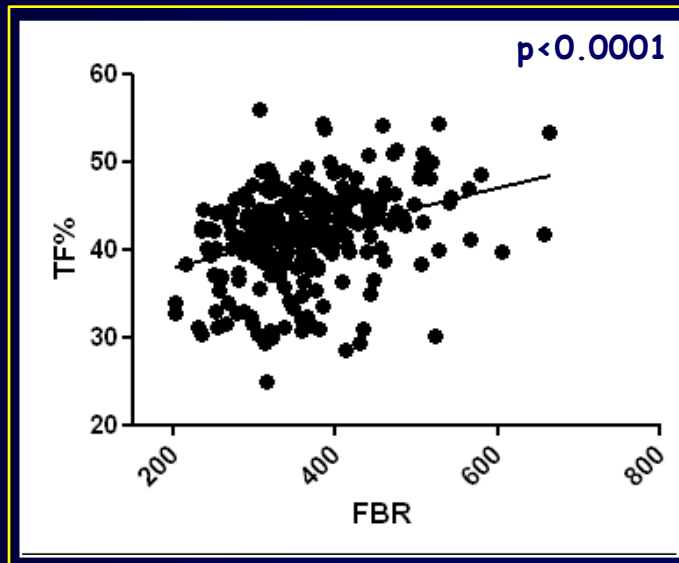
Vitamin D status and bone histomorphometry in gross obesity¹⁻³

*Juliet E. Compston, M.D., M.R.C.P., Shobna Vedi, M.Sc., Julia E. Ledger, M.Sc.,
Adrian Webb, Jean-Claude Gazet, M.S., F.R.C.S., and
Thomas R. E. Pilkington, M.D., M.R.C.P.*

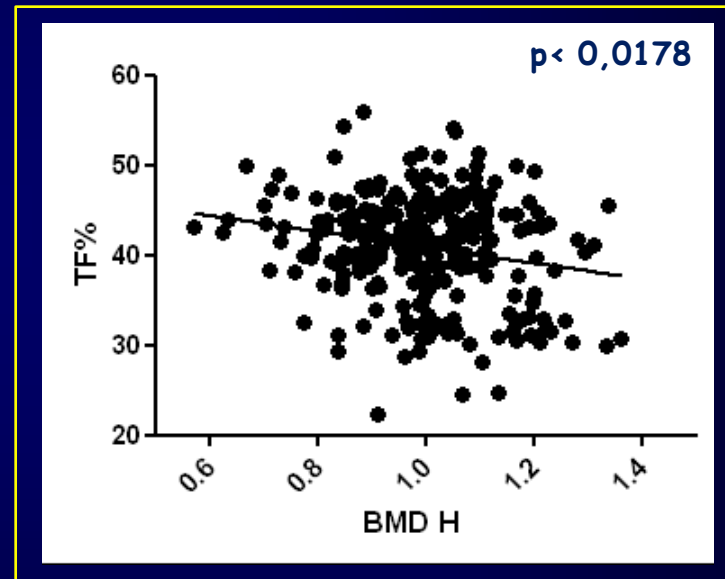
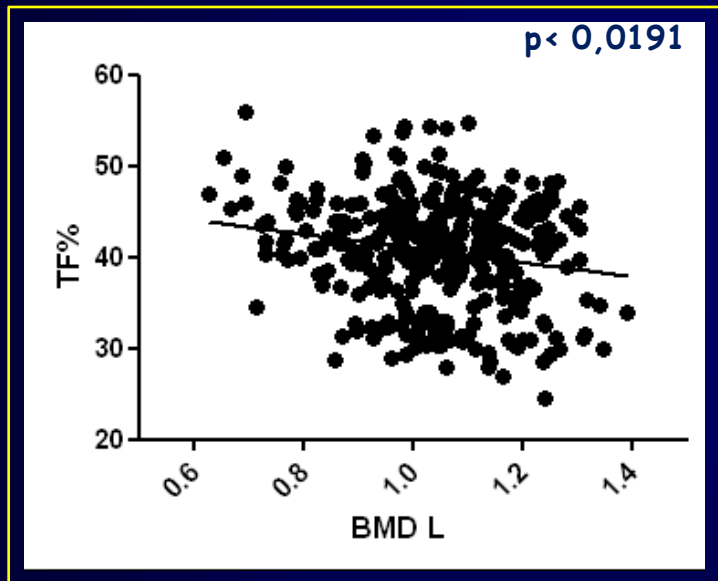
Composizione corporea & Vitamina D



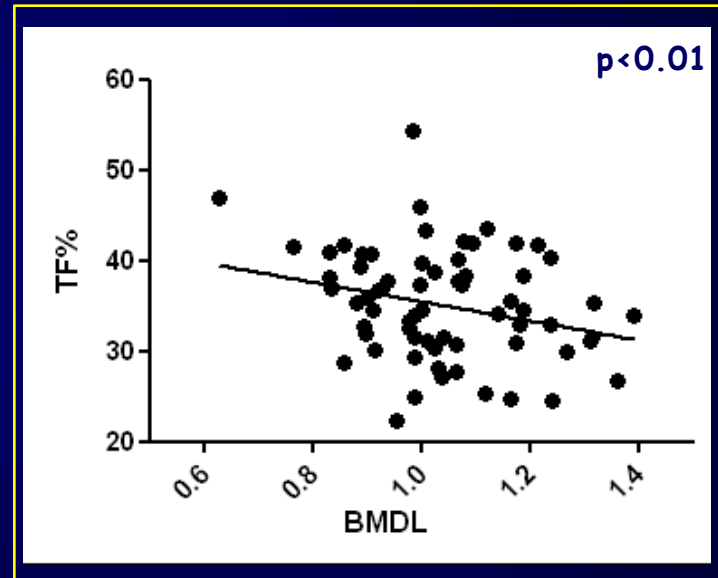
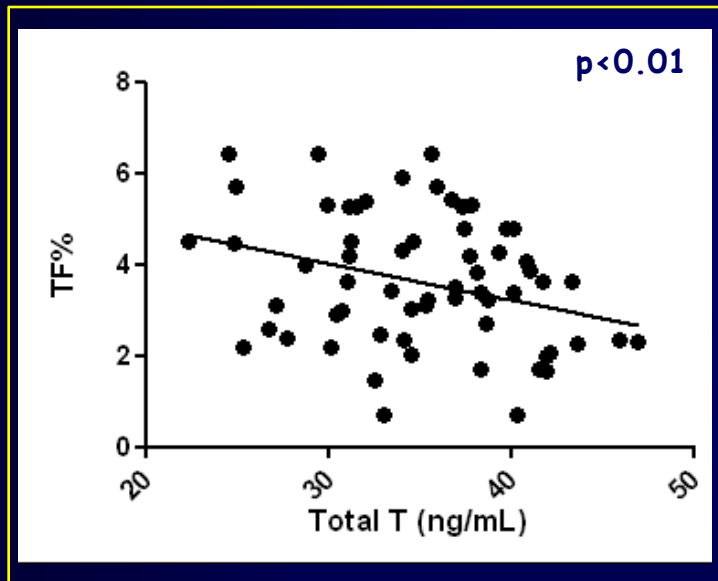
Grasso addominale & infiammazione



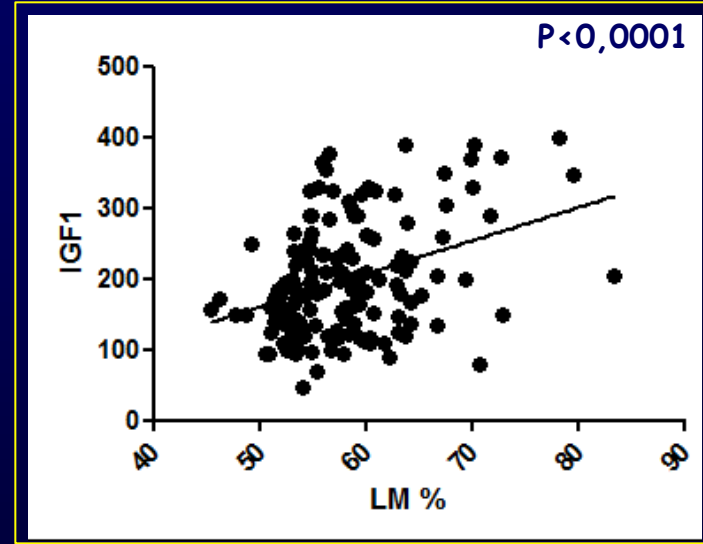
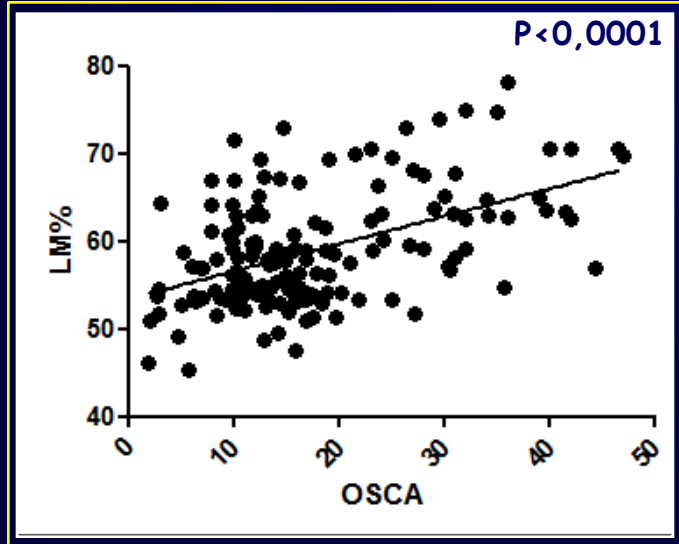
Grasso addominale correla con bassa BMD in donne



Grasso addominale correla con basso Testosterone & bassa BMD in uomini



Muscle Mass correlates with OSCA e IGF-1 levels



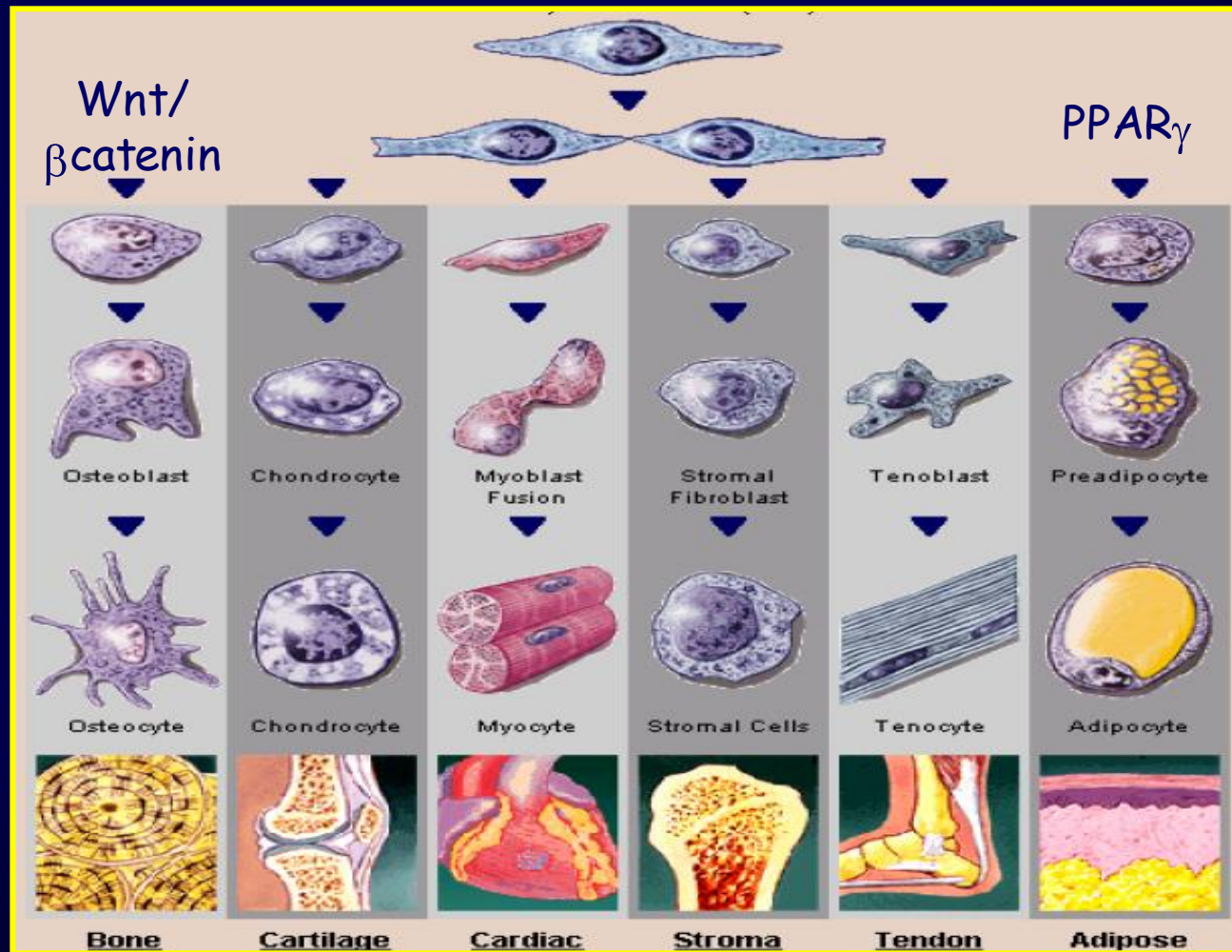
Obesity & Sarcopenia & Osteoporosis: "multiple faces of the same problem"?

Mesenchymal
Stem cell

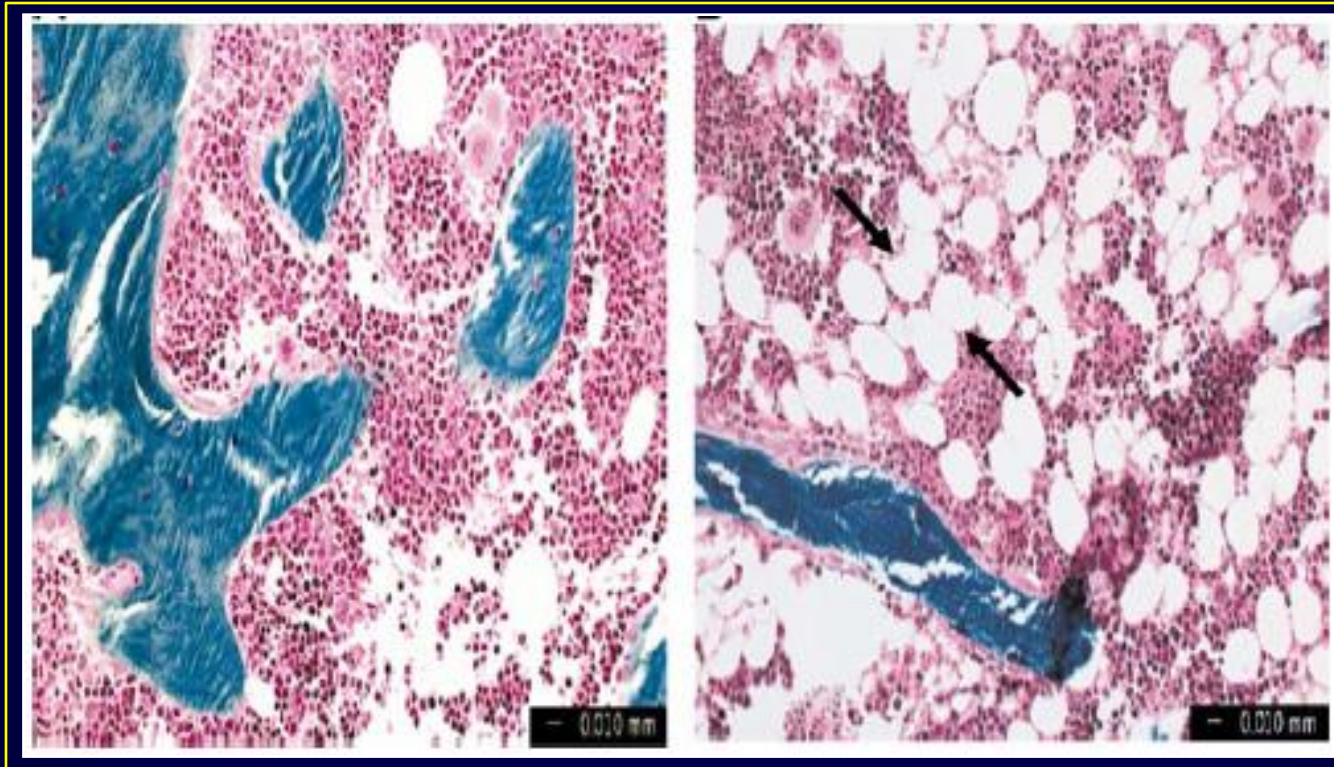
Proliferation

Progression

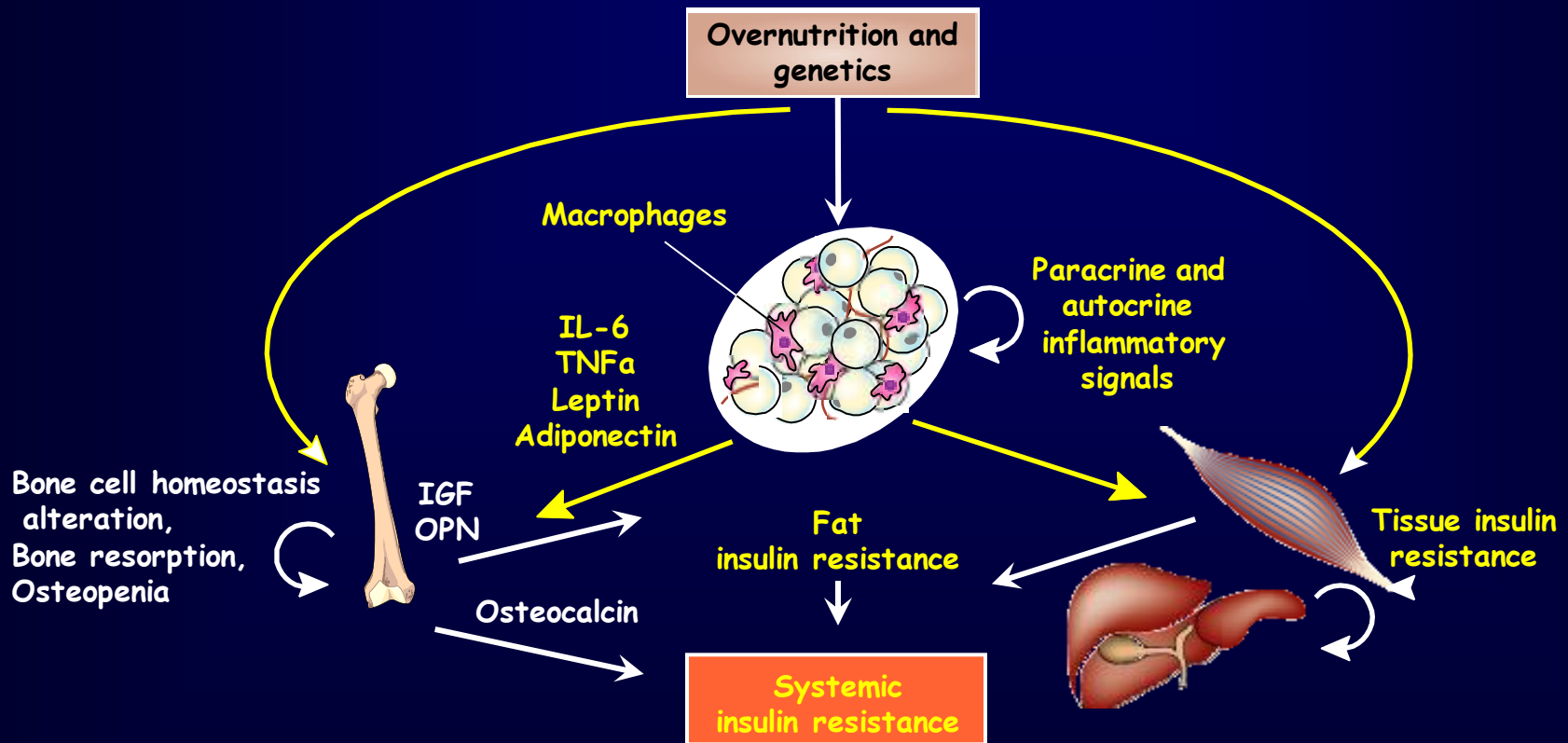
Differentiation



Increased levels of marrow adipose tissue (MAT) in ageing



Cross-talk regulation between adipose & muscle & skeletal tissue



Modified from de Luca C, Olefsky JM. *Nat Med.* 2006;12:41-2.
Lau DCW et al. *Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol.* 2005;288:H2031-41.

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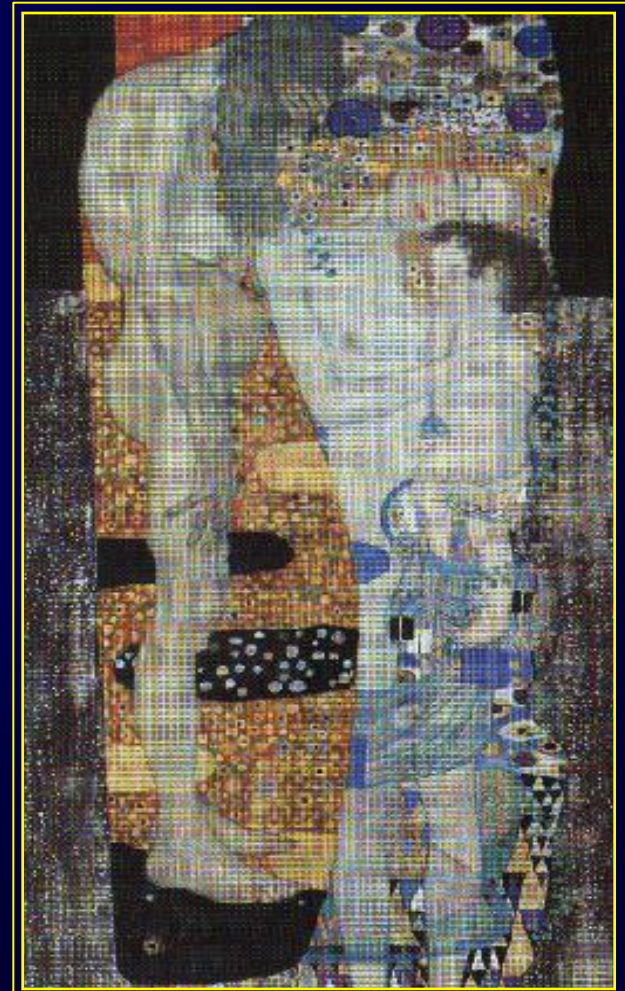
Laura Guidetti

GianPietro Emerenziani

"Le tre età dell'uomo", Giorgione



Le Tre Età, Klimt



Back up slides

Pros & Contro

Table 2 Support for and against the hypothesis that fat is protective for the skeleton.

For (obesity protective)	Against (obesity detrimental)
Increased loading on the cortical skeleton	Inflammatory cytokines impair bone formation
Increased protection against falls and fractures	Fatty acids stimulate resorption
Leptin directly stimulates bone formation	Leptin inhibits bone formation via sympathetic system
Greater aromatase activity increases estradiol, which would lead to: decreased bone resorption due to inhibition of RANKL ?stimulation of bone formation ?decreased sympathetic tone	Hyperglycemia impairs bone formation
	Insulinopenia impairs bone formation
	PPAR γ activation, which would lead to: inhibition of bone formation stimulation of resorption

PPAR γ , peroxisome proliferative activated receptors; RANK, receptor activator of nuclear factor κ B (tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily, member 11a).

Cao *Journal of Orthopaedic Surgery and Research* 2011, **6**:30
<http://www.josr-online.com/content/6/1/30>



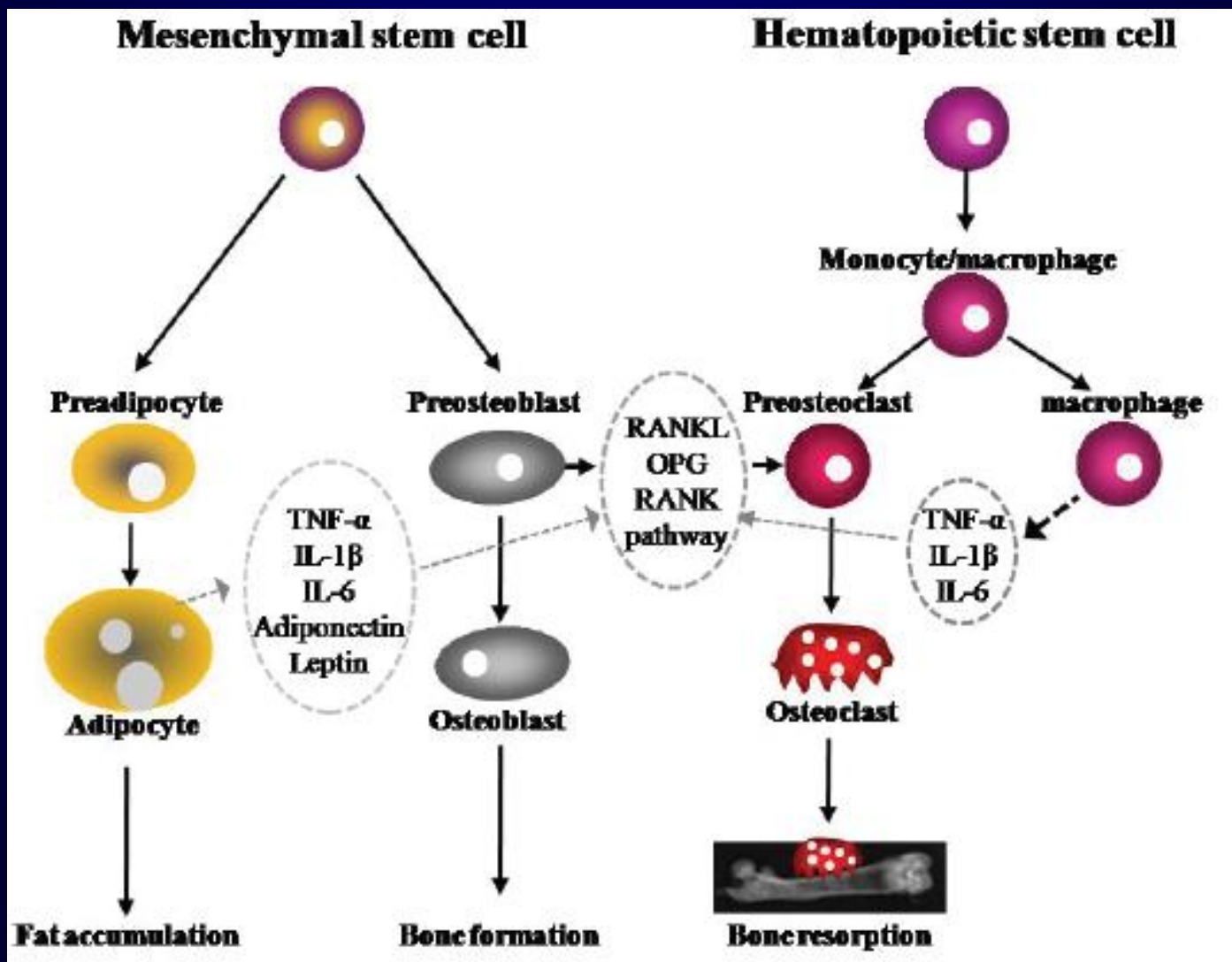
JOURNAL OF ORTHOPAEDIC
SURGERY AND RESEARCH

REVIEW

Open Access

Effects of obesity on bone metabolism

Jay J Cao



BMI: Body Mass Index

- Useful tool to classify body weight in adult individual
- BMI correlates with total body fat. Relationship between BMI and fat mass is modified up to age and sex (i.e Women have more fat than men even with equal BMI and, for instance, aged individuals have more fat and less muscle with equal BMI).

BMI	Body weight evaluation
< 18.5	Underweight
18.5-24.9	Normal
25.0-29.9	Overweight
> 30.0	Obesity

Abdominal Fat Mass & Osteocalcin Level

